## First Arts Modular Degree <br> Mathematical Studies 2004-2005

## Combinatorics and Number Theory Problem Sheet 3

1. Find the coefficient of $x^{11}$ in the expansion of

$$
\left(x^{2}-\frac{3}{x}\right)^{10}
$$

2. Find the coefficient of $x^{3}$ in the expansion of $(x+2)^{3}(x-2)^{5}$.
3. Find the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $\left(1+2 x+2 x^{2}\right)^{5}$.
4. Find the coefficient of $x$ in the sum

$$
1+(1+x)+(1+x)^{2}+(1+x)^{3}+\cdots+(1+x)^{n} .
$$

Hint: the sum above is a geometric progression. Use the formula for the sum of a geometric progression.
5. Find the greatest common divisor $c$ of 69 and 117, and find integers $s$ and $t$ such that $69 s+117 t=c$.
6. Do the same as in question 7 for 312 and 1084 .
7. Do the same as in question 7 for 594 and 781 .
8. Explain why the number 111,111 is not a prime. Is the number 11,111 a prime?
9. Suppose that $c$ is an integer and 3 divides $c-1$. Prove that $c^{2}+c+1$ is divisible by 3 but not by 9 .
10. Let $c$ be an even integer. Prove that $c+1$ and $c^{2}+1$ are relatively prime.

