The Emergence of Numerical Weather Prediction: from Richardson to the ENIAC

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• Pause for Thought

Recreating the ENIAC Forecast

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Aristotle's Meteorologia

Aristotle wrote the first book on Meteorology, the $M\epsilon\tau\epsilon\omega\rhoo\lambda o\gamma\iota\alpha$ ($\mu\epsilon\tau\epsilon\omega\rhoo\nu$: Something in the air).

This work studied the causes of various weather phenomena.

Aristotle was a <u>masterly speculator</u>: for example, he believed that the lightning followed the thunder!



Aristotle (384-322 BC)



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Money makes the world go round





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Galileo Galilei (1564–1642)

Galileo formulated the basic law of falling bodies, which he verified by careful measurements.

He constructed a telescope, with which he studied lunar craters, and discovered four moons revolving around Jupiter.

Galileo is credited with the invention of the Thermometer.





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Thus began quantitative meteorology.





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Galileo's Thermometer



The Galileo Thermometer is a popular modern *collectable* and an attractive decoration.

As temperature rises, the fluid expands and its density decreases.

The reduced buoyancy causes the glass baubles to sink, indicating temperature changes.



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Galileo's Ace Post-Doc.

Evangelista Torricelli (1608–1647), a student of Galileo, devised the first accurate barometer.



Torricelli inventing the barometer



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The relationship between the height of the mercury and the character of the weather was soon noticed.



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The relationship between the height of the mercury and the character of the weather was soon noticed.



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The relationship between the height of the mercury and the character of the weather was soon noticed.

If the correlation between pressure and weather were perfect, weather forecasting would be reduced to prediction of pressure.



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The relationship between the height of the mercury and the character of the weather was soon noticed.

If the correlation between pressure and weather were perfect, weather forecasting would be reduced to prediction of pressure.

Things are not quite that simple! Rainfall in the Azores is about 800mm per annum (more than Ireland!). Mean pressure is high.



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Pascal and Puy de Dome





Pascal demonstrated the change of pressure with height.

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Newton's Law of Motion



The <u>rate of change of momentum</u> of a body is equal to the <u>sum of the forces</u> acting on the body:





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Edmund Halley (1656–1742)



Edmund Halley was a contemporary and friend of Isaac Newton; this was quite an achievement: Newton didn't have too many friends! Halley was largely responsible for persuading Newton to publish his *Principia Mathematica*.



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Edmund Halley (1656–1742)

- Edmund Halley attended Queen's College, Oxford.
- ► In 1683, he published his theory of magnetic variation.
- In 1684, he conferred with Newton about the inverse square law in the solar system.
- He wrote on the trade winds and monsoons (1686).
- He undertook three voyages during 1698–1701, to test his magnetic variation theory.
- Then he became professor of Geometry at Oxford.
- At the age of 64, he invented the diving bell.
- ► Halley died in Greenwich in 1742.



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Halley and his Comet



Halley's analysis of a comet was an excellent example of the scientific method in action.



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Hypothesis: These events were due to the reappearance of one object on an orbit which brought it close to the Sun every 76 years.



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Hypothesis: These events were due to the reappearance of one object on an orbit which brought it close to the Sun every 76 years.

Prediction: In 1705, Halley forecast that the comet would return again in late 1758. Halley died in 1742.



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Hypothesis: These events were due to the reappearance of one object on an orbit which brought it close to the Sun every 76 years.

Prediction: In 1705, Halley forecast that the comet would return again in late 1758. Halley died in 1742.

Verification: The comet was sighted, on schedule, on Christmas Day 1758 and has since borne Halley's name.



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Hypothesis: These events were due to the reappearance of one object on an orbit which brought it close to the Sun every 76 years.

Prediction: In 1705, Halley forecast that the comet would return again in late 1758. Halley died in 1742.

Verification: The comet was sighted, on schedule, on Christmas Day 1758 and has since borne Halley's name. Further Confirmation: Appearances of the comet have since been found in the historic record as far back as 2000 years.



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A Tricky Question

If the Astronomers can make accurate 76-year forecasts ...



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A Tricky Question

If the Astronomers can make accurate 76-year forecasts why can't the Meteorologists do the same?



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Size of the Problem

Cometary motion is a relatively simple problem, with few degrees of freedom; Dynamics is enough.

The atmosphere is a continuum with infinitely many variables; Thermodynamics is essential.



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Size of the Problem

Cometary motion is a relatively simple problem, with few degrees of freedom; Dynamics is enough.

The atmosphere is a continuum with infinitely many variables; Thermodynamics is essential.

Order versus Chaos

The equations of the solar system are quasi-integrable and the motion is regular. The equations of the atmosphere are essentially nonlinear and the motion is chaotic.



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Leonhard Euler (1707–1783)

- Born in Basel in 1707.
- Died 1783 in St Petersburg.
- Formulated the equations for incompressible, inviscid fluid flow:
 ∂V/∂t + V · ∇V + 1/ρ∇p = g.
 ∇ · V = 0





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Jean Le Rond d'Alembert



The Euler equations are partial differential equations. D'Alembert introduced partial derivatives in studying the flow of wind in two dimensions.

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D'Alembert's Paradox

D'A, 1752: A body moving at constant speed through a gas or a fluid does not experience any resistance.



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D'Alembert's Paradox

D'A, 1752: A body moving at constant speed through a gas or a fluid does not experience any resistance.



Fig. 9.1 Flow past a circular cylinder for (a) a hypothetical fluid with zero viscosity, (b) a real fluid with very small viscosity μ (from van Dyke 1982).



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George G Stokes, 1819–1903



George Gabriel Stokes, founder of modern hydrodynamics.



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ASIDE: Stokes' Theorem

$$\oint_{\Gamma} \mathbf{V} \cdot d\mathbf{I} = \iint_{\Sigma} \nabla \times \mathbf{V} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, da \qquad \begin{bmatrix} \mathsf{Good for} \\ \mathsf{T-shirts} \end{bmatrix}$$

Stokes' Theorem was actually discovered by Kelvin in 1854. It is of central importance in fluid dynamics.



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Stokes' Theorem was actually discovered by Kelvin in 1854. It is of central importance in fluid dynamics.

This leads on to Bjerknes' Circulation Theorem:

$$rac{d\mathcal{C}}{dt} = - \int\!\!\int_{\Sigma}
abla rac{1}{
ho} imes
abla p \cdot d\mathbf{a} = - \oint_{\Gamma} rac{dp}{
ho} \, ,$$

which generalized Kelvin's Circulation Theorem to baroclinic fluids (ρ varying independently of ρ), and ushered in the study of Geophysical Fluid Dynamics.



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Resolution of d'Alembert's Paradox

D'A, 1752: A body moving at constant speed through a gas or a fluid does not experience any resistance.



Fig. 9.1 Flow past a circular cylinder for (a) a hypothetical fluid with zero viscosity, (b) a real fluid with very small viscosity μ (from van Dyke 1982).



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Resolution of d'Alembert's Paradox

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Fig. 9.1 Flow past a circular cylinder for (a) a hypothetical fluid with zerο viscosity, (b) a real fluid with very small viscosity μ (from van Dyke 1982).

The minutest amount of viscosity has a profound qualitative impact on the character of the solution. The Navier-Stokes equations include effect of viscosity.



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The Navier-Stokes Equations

Euler's Equations:

$$rac{\partial \mathbf{V}}{\partial t} + \mathbf{V} \cdot
abla \mathbf{V} + rac{1}{
ho}
abla
ho = \mathbf{g}^{\star}$$
 .



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The Navier-Stokes Equations

Euler's Equations:

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abla \mathbf{V} + rac{1}{
ho}
abla
ho = \mathbf{g}^{\star}$$
 .

The Navier-Stokes Equations

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{V}}{\partial t} + \mathbf{V} \cdot \nabla \mathbf{V} + \frac{1}{\rho} \nabla \rho = \nu \nabla^2 \mathbf{V} + \mathbf{g}^{\star}.$$



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The Navier-Stokes Equations

Euler's Equations:

$$rac{\partial \mathbf{V}}{\partial t} + \mathbf{V} \cdot
abla \mathbf{V} + rac{1}{
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$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{V}}{\partial t} + \mathbf{V} \cdot \nabla \mathbf{V} + \frac{1}{\rho} \nabla \rho = \nu \nabla^2 \mathbf{V} + \mathbf{g}^{\star}.$$

Motion on the rotating Earth:

$$rac{\partial \mathbf{V}}{\partial t} + \mathbf{V} \cdot
abla \mathbf{V} + \mathbf{2} \Omega imes \mathbf{V} + rac{1}{
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abla^2 \mathbf{V} + \mathbf{g}$$



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The Inventors of Thermodynamics



It would appear from this sample that a fulsome beard may serve as a thermometer of proficiency in thermodynamics. More exhaustive research is required before a definitive conclusion can be reached.



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The Equations of the Atmosphere

GAS LAW (Boyle's Law and Charles' Law.) Relates the pressure, temperature and density **CONTINUITY EQUATION** Conservation of mass WATER CONTINUITY EQUATION Conservation of water (liquid, solid and gas) EQUATIONS OF MOTION: Navier-Stokes Equations Describe how the change of velocity is determined by the pressure gradient, Coriolis force and friction THERMODYNAMIC EQUATION Determines changes of temperature due to heating or cooling, compression or rarefaction, etc.

Seven equations; seven variables (u, v, w, ρ, p, T, q) .



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The Primitive Equations

 $\frac{du}{dt} - \left(f + \frac{u \tan \phi}{a}\right)v + \frac{1}{\rho}\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + F_x = 0$ $\frac{dv}{dt} + \left(f + \frac{u \tan \phi}{a}\right)u + \frac{1}{\rho}\frac{\partial p}{\partial v} + F_y = 0$ $p = R\rho T$ $rac{\partial p}{\partial z} + g
ho = 0$ $rac{dT}{dt} + (\gamma - 1)T \nabla \cdot \mathbf{V} = rac{Q}{c_p}$ $\frac{\partial
ho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot
ho \mathbf{V} = \mathbf{0}$ $\frac{\partial \rho_{w}}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \rho_{w} \mathbf{V} = [\mathbf{Sources} - \mathbf{Sinks}]$



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Scientific Forecasting in a Nut-Shell

- The atmosphere is a physical system
- Its behaviour is governed by the laws of physics
- These laws are expressed quantitatively in the form of mathematical equations
- Using observations, we can specify the atmospheric state at a given initial time: "Today's Weather"
- Using the equations, we can calculate how this state will change over time: "Tomorrow's Weather"



Scientific Forecasting in a Nut-Shell

Problems:

- The equations are very complicated (non-linear) and a powerful computer is required to do the calculations
- The accuracy decreases as the range increases; there is an inherent limit of predictibility.



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- Pause for Thought
- **Recreating the ENIAC Forecast**

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Pioneers of Scientific Forecasting



Cleveland Abbe, Vilhelm Bjerknes, Lewis Fry Richardson



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Cleveland Abbe

By 1890, the American meteorologist Cleveland Abbe had recognized that:

Meteorology is essentially the application of hydrodynamics and thermodynamics to the atmosphere.

Abbe proposed a mathematical approach to forecasting.



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Vilhelm Bjerknes

A more explicit analysis of weather prediction was undertaken by the Norwegian scientist Vilhelm Bjerknes

He identified the two crucial components of a scientific forecasting system:

- Analysis
- Integration



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Vilhelm Bjerknes (1862–1951)





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Bjerknes' 1904 Manifesto

Objective: To establish a science of meteorology

Purpose: To predict future states of the atmosphere.



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Bjerknes' 1904 Manifesto

Objective: To establish a science of meteorology

Purpose: To predict future states of the atmosphere.

Necessary and sufficient conditions for the solution of the forecasting problem:

A knowledge of the initial state
 A knowledge of the physical laws



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Bjerknes' 1904 Manifesto

Objective: To establish a science of meteorology

Purpose: To predict future states of the atmosphere.

Necessary and sufficient conditions for the solution of the forecasting problem:

1. A knowledge of the initial state

2. A knowledge of the physical laws

Step (1) is Diagnostic. Step (2) is Prognostic.



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Lewis Fry Richardson



The English Quaker scientist Lewis Fry Richardson attempted a direct solution of the equations of motion.

He dreamed that numerical forecasting would become a practical reality.

Today, forecasts are prepared routinely using his methods ...



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He dreamed that numerical forecasting would become a practical reality.

Today, forecasts are prepared routinely using his methods ...

... his dream has indeed come true.



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Lewis Fry Richardson, 1881–1953.



During WWI, Richardson computed by hand the pressure change at a single point.

It took him two years !



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Recreation

Lewis Fry Richardson, 1881–1953.



During WWI, Richardson computed by hand the pressure change at a single point.

It took him two years !

His 'forecast' was a catastrophic failure:

$\Delta p =$ 145 hPa in 6 hrs



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Recreation

Lewis Fry Richardson, 1881–1953.



During WWI, Richardson computed by hand the pressure change at a single point.

It took him two years !

His 'forecast' was a catastrophic failure:

$\Delta p =$ 145 hPa in 6 hrs



But Richardson's method was scientifically sound.



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The Leipzig Charts for 0700 UTC, May 20, 1910



Bjerknes' sea level pressure analysis.



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Richardson Grid (also called an Arakawa E-grid)



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A Smooth Signal



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A Noisy Signal



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Tendency of a Smooth Signal



Tendency of a Noisy Signal

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Evolution of surface pressure before and after NNMI. (Williamson and Temperton, 1981)



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Initialization of Richardson's Forecast

Richardson's Forecast was repeated on a computer.

The atmospheric observations for 20 May, 1910, *were recovered from original sources*.



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Initialization of Richardson's Forecast

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The atmospheric observations for 20 May, 1910, *were recovered from original sources*.

- ORIGINAL:
- ► INITIALIZED:

$$\frac{dp_s}{dt} = +145 \text{ hPa/6 h}$$
$$\frac{dp_s}{dt} = -0.9 \text{ hPa/6 h}$$



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$$\frac{dp_s}{dt} = +145 \text{ hPa/6 h}$$
$$\frac{dp_s}{dt} = -0.9 \text{ hPa/6 h}$$

Observations: The barometer was steady!



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Richardson's Forecast and the Emergence of NWP are described in a recent book.



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Richardson's Forecast and the Emergence of NWP are described in a recent book.

[Purchase from CUP or download from a dodgy Russian website.]



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Richardson's Forecast Factory



© François Schuiten



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Richardson's Forecast Factory



© François Schuiten

64,000 Computers: the first Massively Parallel Processor



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Crucial Advances, 1920–1950

Dynamic Meteorology

- Quasi-geostrophic Theory
- Numerical Analysis
 - CFL Criterion
- Atmopsheric Observations
 - Radiosonde
- Electronic Computing
 - ENIAC



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The Meteorology Project

Project estblished by John von Neumann in 1946.



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The Meteorology Project

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Objective of the project:

To study the problem of predicting the weather using a digital electronic computer.



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The Meteorology Project

Project estblished by John von Neumann in 1946.

Objective of the project:

To study the problem of predicting the weather using a digital electronic computer.

A Proposal for Funding listed three "possibilities":

- New methods of weather prediction
- Rational basis for planning observations
- Step towards influencing the weather!



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The ENIAC





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The ENIAC



The ENIAC was the first multipurpose programmable electronic digital computer. It had:

- 18,000 vacuum tubes
- 70,000 resistors
- 10,000 capacitors
- 6,000 switches
- Power: 140 kWatts



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The ENIAC: Technical Details.

ENIAC was a decimal machine. Assembly language. **Fixed-point arithmetic:** -1 < x < +1. 10 registers, that is, 10 words of high-speed memory. Function Tables: 624 6-digit words of "ROM", set on ten-pole rotary switches. "Peripheral Memory": Punch-cards. Speed (FP multiply): 2ms (\sim 500 Flops). Access to Function Tables: 1ms. Access to Punch-card equipment: You can imagine!



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Plan A: Integrate the Primitive Equations Problems similar to Richardson's would arise



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Plan A: Integrate the Primitive Equations Problems similar to Richardson's would arise

Plan B: Integrate baroclinic Q-G System Too computationally demanding for ENIAC



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Plan A: Integrate the Primitive Equations Problems similar to Richardson's would arise

Plan B: Integrate baroclinic Q-G System Too computationally demanding for ENIAC

 Plan C: Solve barotropic vorticity equation Very satisfactory initial results (CFvN)



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Charney Fjørtoft von Neumann



Numerical integration of the barotropic vorticity equation *Tellus*, 2, 237–254 (1950).



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Charney, et al., *Tellus*, 1950.

$$\begin{bmatrix} Absolute \\ Vorticity \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Relative \\ Vorticity \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} Planetary \\ Vorticity \end{bmatrix}$$

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 $\eta = \zeta + f.$

Charney, et al., Tellus, 1950.

$$\begin{bmatrix} Absolute \\ Vorticity \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Relative \\ Vorticity \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} Planetary \\ Vorticity \end{bmatrix}$$

- The atmosphere is treated as a single layer.
- The flow is assumed to be nondivergent.
- Absolute vorticity is conserved.

$$\frac{\mathsf{d}(\zeta+\mathsf{f})}{\mathsf{d}\mathsf{t}}=\mathsf{0}.$$



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 $\eta = \zeta + f.$

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- The atmosphere is treated as a single layer.
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- Absolute vorticity is conserved.

$$\frac{\mathsf{d}(\zeta+\mathsf{f})}{\mathsf{d}\mathsf{t}}=\mathsf{0}.$$

This equation looks simple. But it is nonlinear:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} [\nabla^2 \psi] + \left\{ \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} \frac{\partial \nabla^2 \psi}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y} \frac{\partial \nabla^2 \psi}{\partial x} \right\} + \beta \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} = \mathbf{0},$$

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 $\eta = \zeta + \boldsymbol{f} \,.$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(\zeta + f) = \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial t} + \mathbf{V} \cdot \nabla(\zeta + f) = 0$$

$$\mathbf{V} = (g/f)\mathbf{k} \times \nabla z \,; \qquad \mathbf{V} = \mathbf{k} \times \nabla \psi \,.$$

$$\zeta = g \nabla \cdot (1/f) \nabla z = (g/f) \nabla^2 z + \beta u/f$$

$$\mathbf{V} \cdot \nabla \alpha = -\frac{g}{f} \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{\partial \alpha}{\partial x} + \frac{g}{f} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial \alpha}{\partial y} = -\frac{g}{f} J(\alpha, z) \,.$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\nabla^2 z) = J\left(\frac{g}{f}\nabla^2 z + f, z\right)$$

The barotropic vorticity equation



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$$rac{\partial \zeta}{\partial t} = \mathbf{J}(\psi, \zeta + f)$$



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$$\frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial t} = \mathbf{J}(\psi, \zeta + f)$$

- 1. Compute the Jacobian
- 2. Step forward (Leapfrog scheme)
- 3. Solve Poisson equation $\nabla^2 \psi = \zeta$ (FT)
- 4. Go to (1).



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$$\frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial t} = \mathbf{J}(\psi, \zeta + f)$$

- 1. Compute the Jacobian
- 2. Step forward (Leapfrog scheme)
- 3. Solve Poisson equation $\nabla^2 \psi = \zeta$ (FT)
- 4. Go to (1).
 - Timestep: $\Delta t = 3$ hours
 - ► Gridstep: △x = 750 km (at North Pole)
 - ► Gridsize: 19 × 16 ≈ 300 points
 - Elapsed Time (for 24 hr forecast): 24 hours.



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$$\frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial t} = \mathbf{J}(\psi, \zeta + f)$$

- 1. Compute the Jacobian
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 - ► Gridstep: △x = 750 km (at North Pole)
 - ► Gridsize: 19 × 16 ≈ 300 points
 - Elapsed Time (for 24 hr forecast): 24 hours.

Each forecast involved punching about 25,000 cards. Most of the time was spent handling card-decks.



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The ENIAC Algorithm: Flow-chart





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Computational grid for the integrations



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ENIAC Forecast for Jan 5, 1949





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Key people in the ENIAC endeavour





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"Allow me to congratulate you and your collaborators on the remarkable progress which has been made in Princeton.



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"Allow me to congratulate you and your collaborators on the remarkable progress which has been made in Princeton.

"I have today made a tiny psychological experiment on the diagrams in your Tellus paper (he had asked his wife Dorothy to compare the charts and to decide whether the initial analysis or the 24 hour forecast more closely resembled the verifying analysis).



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My wife's opinions were that the 'forecast' has it on average, but only slightly.



PHONIAC

Prehistory

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Recreation

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My wife's opinions were that the 'forecast' has it on average, but only slightly.

"This is ... an enormous scientific advance on the single ... result in which Richardson (1922) ended."



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NWP Operations

The Joint Numerical Weather Prediction Unit was established on July 1, 1954:

- Air Weather Service of US Air Force
- The US Weather Bureau
- The Naval Weather Service.



Prehistory

Rec

Recreation

NWP Operations

The Joint Numerical Weather Prediction Unit was established on July 1, 1954:

- Air Weather Service of US Air Force
- The US Weather Bureau
- The Naval Weather Service.

Operational numerical weather forecasting began in May 1955, using a 3-level quasi-geostrophic model.



Recreation

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Recreating the ENIAC Forecast

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Watermelon Puzzle

A farmer brings a load of watermelons to market.



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Watermelon Puzzle

- A farmer brings a load of watermelons to market.
- ► The total weight is 100kg. Water content is 99%.



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Watermelon Puzzle

- A farmer brings a load of watermelons to market.
- The total weight is 100kg. Water content is 99%.
- The weather is hot: the load loses some moisture.



Prehistory

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- A farmer brings a load of watermelons to market.
- ► The total weight is 100kg. Water content is 99%.
- The weather is hot: the load loses some moisture.
- Farmer checks the water content when he arrives: it has dropped to 98%.



PHONIAC

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- A farmer brings a load of watermelons to market.
- ► The total weight is 100kg. Water content is 99%.
- The weather is hot: the load loses some moisture.
- Farmer checks the water content when he arrives: it has dropped to 98%.

QUESTION:

What is the weight of the load on arrival at market?



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- ► Initially there is 99% water. ∴ 1% pith.



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- ► Initially there is 99% water. ∴ 1% pith.
- The percentage of pith has doubled.



Prehistory

Recreation

- ► Initially there is 99% water. ∴ 1% pith.
- At the market, there's 98% water. 2% pith.
- The percentage of pith has doubled.
- But the actual amount of pith is unchanged.



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- The percentage of pith has doubled.
- But the actual amount of pith is unchanged.
- Therefore, the total weight is halved.



Prehistory

Recreation

- ► Initially there is 99% water. ∴ 1% pith.
- The percentage of pith has doubled.
- But the actual amount of pith is unchanged.
- Therefore, the total weight is halved.
- So, the answer is 50kg.

Recreation

- ► Initially there is 99% water. ∴ 1% pith.
- The percentage of pith has doubled.
- But the actual amount of pith is unchanged.
- Therefore, the total weight is halved.
- So, the answer is 50kg.

Surprised?



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TOP: Total weight 100kg: 1kg pith + 99kg water (99%).

BOTTOM: Total weight 50kg: 1kg pith + 49kg water (98%).



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Alan Thorpe must convince ECMWF Council that: "Things are improving!"



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- Alan Thorpe must convince ECMWF Council that: "Things are improving!"
- ▶ 2011: 98% of forecasts were good. 2% were bad.



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- Alan Thorpe must convince ECMWF Council that: "Things are improving!"
- ▶ 2011: 98% of forecasts were good. 2% were bad.
- ▶ 2012: 99% of forecasts were good. 1% were bad.



Prehistory

Recreation

- Alan Thorpe must convince ECMWF Council that: "Things are improving!"
- 2011: 98% of forecasts were good. 2% were bad.
- ▶ 2012: 99% of forecasts were good. 1% were bad.
- He can say either of the following:
 - 1. Correct forecasts have increased by 1%.
 - 2. Erroneous forecasts have decreased by 50%.

Recreation

- Alan Thorpe must convince ECMWF Council that: "Things are improving!"
- ▶ 2011: 98% of forecasts were good. 2% were bad.
- ▶ 2012: 99% of forecasts were good. 1% were bad.
- He can say either of the following:
 - 1. Correct forecasts have increased by 1%.
 - 2. Erroneous forecasts have decreased by 50%.

Which will he choose?



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Recreating the ENIAC Forecasts

The ENIAC integrations have been repeated using:

- A MATLAB program to solve the BVE
- Data from the NCEP/NCAR reanalysis



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Recreating the ENIAC Forecasts

The ENIAC integrations have been repeated using:

- A MATLAB program to solve the BVE
- Data from the NCEP/NCAR reanalysis

The matlab code is available on the website http://maths.ucd.ie/~plynch/eniac



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Bull. Amer. Met. Soc., 89, 45-55 (Jan 2008)





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NCEP/NCAR Reanalysis

The initial dates for the four forecasts were:

- January 5, 1949
- January 30, 1949
- January 31, 1949
- ▶ February 13, 1949



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NCEP/NCAR Reanalysis

The initial dates for the four forecasts were:

- January 5, 1949
- January 30, 1949
- January 31, 1949
- February 13, 1949

When a reconstruction was first conceived, a laborious digitization of hand-drawn charts appeared necessary.



Prehistory

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tion



The NCEP/NCAR 40-Year Reanalysis Project

E. Kalnay,* M. Kanamitsu,* R. Kistler,* W. Collins,* D. Deaven,* L. Gandin,* M. Iredell,* S. Saha,* G. White,* J. Woollen,* Y. Zhu,* M. Chelliah,+ W. Ebisuzaki,+ W. Higgins,* J. Janowiak,+ K. C. Mo,+ C. Ropelewski,+ J. Wang,+ A. Leetmaa,* R. Reynolds,* Roy Jenne,* and Dennis Joseph*

Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society, March, 1996



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The NCEP–NCAR 50-Year Reanalysis: Monthly Means CD-ROM and Documentation



Robert Kistler,* Eugenia Kalnay,* William Collins,* Suranjana Saha,* Glenn White,* John Woollen,* Muthuvel Chelliah,* Wesley Ebisuzaki,* Masao Kanamitsu,* Vernon Kousky,* Huug van den Dool,* Roy Jenne,® and Michael Fiorino*

Editor's note: This article is accompanied by a CD-ROM that contains the complete documentation of the NCEP-NCAR Reanalysis and all of the data analyses and forecasts. It is provided to members through the sponsorship of SAIC and GSC.

Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society, February, 2001



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Recreation of the Forecast





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	Mean error		RMS error		S1 Score				
Case	FCST.	PERS.	FCST.	PERS.	FCST.	PERS.			
1	56.4	-9.2	113.4	94.6	61.0	62.2			
2	31.1	6.3	99.2	114.6	45.6	62.9			
3	-35.2	20.4	92.7	89.2	46.4	58.4			
4	39.4	1.1	81.9	80.7	39.5	50.1			
Mean error (bias), RMS error and S1 scores									

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PHONI/

n n n UCD Charney et al used the equation in the height form

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\nabla^2 z) = J\left(\frac{g}{f}\nabla^2 z + f, z\right)$$

They could have used the streamfunction form

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\nabla^2\psi) = J\left(\nabla^2\psi + f,\psi\right)$$

They would then not have to have ignored the beta-term



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	Mean error		RMS error		S1 Score	
Case	z-EQN	ψ -EQN	z-EQN	ψ -EQN	z-EQN	ψ -EQN
1	56.4	44.4	113.4	106.7	61.0	61.4
2	31.1	23.2	99.2	88.6	45.6	44.1
3	-35.2	-39.6	92.7	88.2	46.4	45.4
4	39.4	19.9	81.9	72.1	39.5	36.9

Scores for height equation and streamfunction equation



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Computing Time for ENIAC Runs

- George Platzman, during his Starr Lecture. (1979) re-ran an ENIAC forecast
- The algorithm was coded on an IBM 5110, a desk-top machine
- The program execution was completed during the lecture (about one hour)



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Computing Time for ENIAC Runs

- George Platzman, during his Starr Lecture, (1979) re-ran an ENIAC forecast
- The algorithm was coded on an IBM 5110, a desk-top machine
- The program execution was completed during the lecture (about one hour)
- The program ENIAC.M was run on a Sony Vaio (model VGN-TX2XP)
- The main loop of the 24-hour forecast ran in about 30 ms.



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Forecasts by PHONIAC

Peter Lynch & Owen Lynch



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Forecasts by PHONIAC

Peter Lynch & Owen Lynch

A modern hand-held mobile phone has far greater power than the ENIAC had.

We therefore decided to repeat the ENIAC integrations using a programmable mobile phone.



PHONIAC

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Forecasts by PHONIAC

Peter Lynch & Owen Lynch

A modern hand-held mobile phone has far greater power than the ENIAC had.

We therefore decided to repeat the ENIAC integrations using a programmable mobile phone.

We converted the program ENIAC.M to PHONIAC.JAR, a J2ME application, and implemented it on a mobile phone.

This technology has great potential for generation and delivery of operational weather forecast products.



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PHONIAC: Portable Hand Operated Numerical Integrator and Computer





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Weather, November 2008

Forecasts by PHONIAC

Peter Lynch¹ and Owen Lynch²

¹University College Dublin, Meteorology and Climate Centre, Dublin
²Dublin Software Laboratory, IBM Ireland

The first computer weather forecasts were made in 1950, using the ENIAC (Electronic Numerical Integrator and Computer). The ENIAC forecasts led to operational numerical weather prediction within five years, and payed the way for the remarkable advances. in weather prediction and climate modelling that have been made over the past half century. The basis for the forecasts was the barotropic vorticity equation (BVE). In the present study, we describe the solution of the BVE on a mobile phone (cell-phone). and repeat one of the ENIAC forecasts. We speculate on the possible applications of mobile phones for micro-scale numerical weather prediction.

The ENIAC Integrations

and John von Neumann (1950: cited below as CFvN). The story of this work was recounted by George Platzman in his Victor P. Starr Memorial Lecture (Platzman, 1979). The atmosphere was treated as a single laver. represented by conditions at the 500 hPa level, modelled by the BVF. This equation. expressing the conservation of absolute vorticity following the flow, gives the rate of change of the Laplacian of height in terms of the advection. The tendency of the height field is obtained by solving a Poisson equation with homogeneous boundary conditions. The height field may then be advanced to the next time level. With a one hour time-step, this cycle is repeated 24 times for a one-day forecast.

The initial data for the forecasts were prepared manually from standard operational 500 hPa analysis charts of the U.S. Weather Bureau, discretised to a grid of 19 by 16 points with grid interval of 736 km. Centred spatial finite differences and a leagofing timescheme were used. The boundary conditions for height were held constant throughout each 24-hour integration. The forecast starting at 0300 urc. January 5, 1949 is shown in vorticity. The forecast height and vorticity are shown in the right panel. The feature of primary interest was an intense depression over the United States. This deepened, moving NE to the 90 W medidan in 24 hours. A discussion of this forecast, which underestimated the development of the depression, may be found in CFWA and in Urvch (2008).

Dramatic growth in computing power

The oft-cited paper in Tellus (CVH) gives a complete account of the computational algorithm and discusses four forecast cases. The ENAC, which had been completed in 1945, was the first programmable electronic digital computer ever built. It was a ciganitic machine, with 18000 thermionic valves, filing a large room and consuming 140 kW of power. Input and output was by means of punch-cards. McCartrey (1999) provides an absorbing account of the origins, design, development and destiny of ENAC.

Advances in computer technology over the past half-century have been spectacular. The increase in computing power is encap-



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Notices of the AMS



Cover of the September 2013 issue of *Notices of the American Mathematical Society*.



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Run an NWP model — GFS or IFS — on a Smart Phone



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Run an NWP model — GFS or IFS — on a Smart Phone

Run a system to acquire and assimilate observations



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Run an NWP model — GFS or IFS — on a Smart Phone

Run a system to acquire and assimilate observations

Run a local model with a 100 metre grid. Why not?



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Thank you



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